

Install Python

- Download Python:
 - Go to the [official Python website](https://www.python.org/downloads/).
 - Click on the "Download Python" button (the latest version will be highlighted).
- Run the Installer:
 - Locate the downloaded installer (usually a .exe file for Windows) and double-click it.
 - Important: Check the box that says "Add Python to PATH" before clicking "Install Now".
 - Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation.
- Verify Installation:
 - Open a command prompt (Windows) or terminal (macOS/Linux).
 - Type `python --version` or `python3 --version` and press Enter. You should see the installed Python version.

Install PyCharm

- Download PyCharm:
 - Visit the [JetBrains PyCharm website](https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/).
 - Choose the Community edition (free) or Professional edition (paid) based on your needs.
 - Download the installer appropriate for your operating system.
- Run the Installer:
 - For Windows, double-click the downloaded .exe file. For macOS, open the .dmg file.
 - Follow the installation instructions. You can keep the default settings.
- Launch PyCharm:
 - After installation, open PyCharm from your applications or Start Menu.

Create a new project in Pycharm

- Start a New Project:
 - When PyCharm opens, click on "New Project".
- Configure the Project:
 - Location: Choose a directory for your project.
- Python Interpreter:
 - PyCharm should automatically detect the Python interpreter you installed. If it doesn't, click on the gear icon next to the interpreter dropdown, select "Add...", and then choose "System Interpreter".
 - Navigate to the Python executable (e.g., `C:\Python39\python.exe` on Windows or `/usr/bin/python3` on macOS/Linux).
- Create the Project:
 - Click "Create" to set up your new project.

Set up a virtual environment (optional but recommended)

- Create a Virtual Environment:

- In the New Project dialog, you can select "New environment using" and choose "Virtualenv".
- Ensure that the base interpreter is set to the Python version you installed.
- Activate the Virtual Environment:
 - If you created a virtual environment, you can activate it by running the following command in the terminal:
- Windows:


```
.\venv\Scripts\activate
```
- macOS/Linux:


```
source venv/bin/activate
```

Install Packages

- Using PyCharm:
 - Go to File > Settings (or PyCharm > Preferences on macOS).
 - Navigate to Project: [your_project_name] > Python Interpreter.
 - Click on the + icon to add packages.
 - Search for the package you need (e.g., numpy, pandas) and click Install Package.
- Using Terminal:
 - Open the terminal in PyCharm (bottom left).
 - Use pip to install packages:

```
pip install package_name
```

Write and Run a Python Script

- Create a New Python File:
 - Right-click on the project folder in the Project pane.
 - Select New > Python File and name your file (e.g., main.py).
 - Write Your Code:
 - Open the newly created file and write your Python code.
- Run Your Script:
 - Right-click anywhere in the editor and select Run 'main' or click the green play button in the top right corner.

Additional Tips

- Documentation: PyCharm has built-in documentation. You can access it by pressing Ctrl + Q (Windows/Linux) or F1 (macOS) when your cursor is on a function or class.
- Version Control: PyCharm supports Git integration. You can initialize a repository and manage your version control directly from the IDE.
- Plugins: Explore PyCharm plugins for additional functionality. Go to File > Settings > Plugins to browse and install plugins.

Install OpenCV Using pip

- **Open Command Prompt:**
 - Press Win + R, type cmd, and hit Enter to open the command prompt.
- **Upgrade pip (Optional but Recommended):**
 - Before installing OpenCV, it's a good idea to ensure that pip is up to date. Run the following command:
`python -m pip install --upgrade pip`
- **Install OpenCV:**
 - Use pip to install the OpenCV package by running the following command:
`pip install opencv-python`
 - If you need additional functionalities (like working with video files), you can also install the contrib package:
`pip install opencv-python-headless`

Verify OpenCV Installation

- **Open Python:**
 - Type python in the command prompt and press Enter to start the Python interpreter.
- **Import OpenCV:**
 - In the Python shell, type the following command:
`import cv2`
 - If no error occurs, OpenCV has been successfully installed.
- **Check the Version:**
 - You can check the installed version of OpenCV by running:
`print(cv2.__version__)`

Setting Up a Simple Project (Optional)

- **Create a New Directory:**
 - Create a new folder for your OpenCV project (e.g., OpenCV_Project).
- **Create a Python File:**
 - Inside your project folder, create a new Python file (e.g., main.py).
- **Write a Simple OpenCV Script:**
 - Open the main.py file in a text editor or IDE and add the following code:

```
import cv2

# Load an image
image = cv2.imread('path_to_your_image.jpg')

# Display the image in a window
cv2.imshow('Image', image)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```
- **Run Your Script:**
 - Make sure to replace 'path_to_your_image.jpg' with the actual path to an image on your computer.
 - Run the script from the command prompt:

```
python main.py
```

Additional tips

➤ **Use Virtual Environments:** It's a good practice to use virtual environments for your projects. You can create one using venv:

```
python -m venv myenv  
myenv\Scripts\activate
```

○ Then install OpenCV within this environment.

➤ **Explore OpenCV Documentation:** Familiarize yourself with the [OpenCV documentation](#) for more information on functions and capabilities.

➤ **Install Additional Libraries:** Depending on your project, you might want to install other libraries like NumPy:

```
pip install numpy
```

Please watch this tutorials to help you out with python and OpenCv

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K5KVEU3aaeQ&t=7114s>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HHcZbXsZtm0&t=203s>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WQeo07MI0Bs&t=33s>

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